

# Recent Activities & Initiatives in the ORNL Nuclear Data Program – USNDP 2014

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# NUCLEAR DATA ACTIVITIES

## Nuclear Structure Data

(C. Nesaraja, M. Martin, C. Smith)

- A-chain Evaluations
- XUNDL compilations

## Nuclear Astrophysics Data

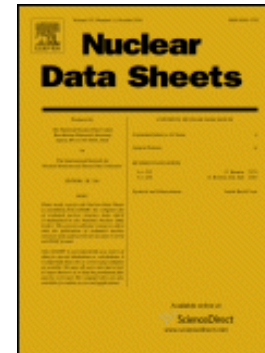
(M. Smith, C. Smith, S. Zhang)

- Assessments of reactions & structure critical for stellar explosion studies
- Determination of thermonuclear reaction rates from USNDP or other nuclear data sets
- Calculation of rates with theoretical models

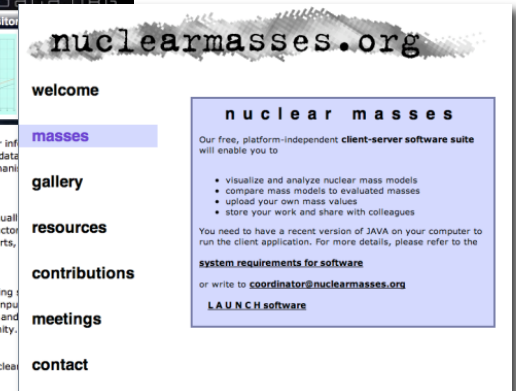
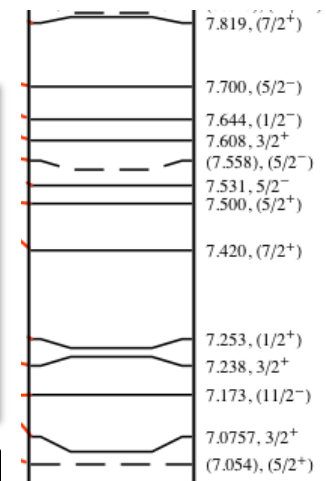
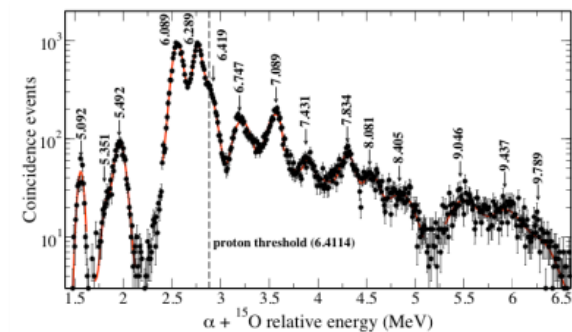
## Online Software Systems

(M. Smith, E. Lingerfelt, C. Smith)

- Recent enhancements to nucastrodata.org and the Computational Infrastructure for Nuclear Astrophysics (CINA)
- Recent enhancements to nuclearmasses.org and the Nuclear Masses Toolkit (NMT)



Evaluated Nuclear Structure Data File (ENSDF)



# NUCLEAR STRUCTURE DATA

Responsibility:

Actinide Evaluations **A=241 – 249** or others requested from NNDC

Activities:

## 1. ENSDF – Finalized Mass Chain Evaluation

A=248 (M. Martin) – 8 nuclides, 22 datasets

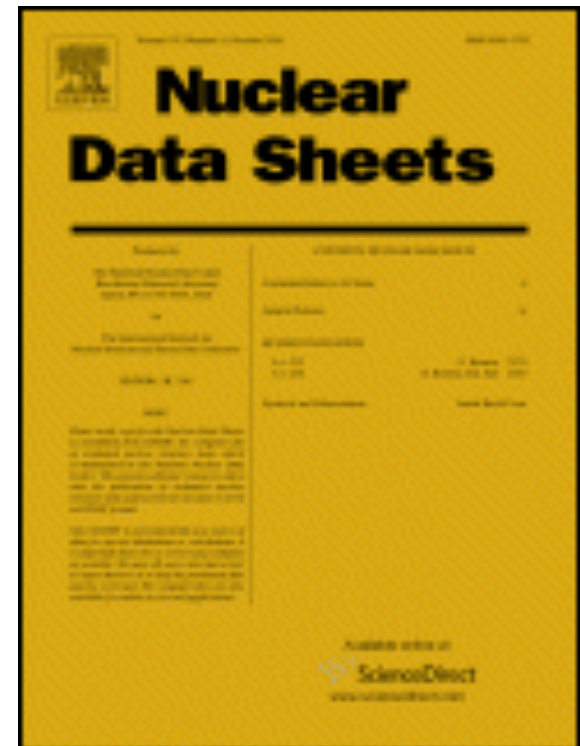
A=241 (C. Nesaraja) – 8 nuclides, 28 datasets

## 2. ENSDF – Reviewed Mass Chain Evaluation

A=209 (M. Martin)



The screenshot displays the NNDC ENSDF database interface. It shows a table with columns for 'Nuclide', 'Z', 'N', 'T1/2', 'Decay Mode', 'Energy', and 'Comments'. The table lists various isotopes and their properties, including half-lives and decay modes. The interface includes search filters and a table of results.



# NUCLEAR STRUCTURE DATA

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Activities (continued):

## 3. XUNDL Compilations

C. Nesaraja (1 October 2013 – 19 August 2014) 24 datasets:

\* Co-compiled with B. Singh

*154Ho: 141Pr(16O,3n)154Ho	*84Ge: 84Ga $\beta$ decay	*83Ge: 84Ga $\beta$ -n decay
*123Cs: 96Zr(32S,X $\gamma$ )	*124Ba: 96Zr(32S,X $\gamma$ )	*146Eu:146Gd EC decay
*44Ti: 40Ca( $\alpha$ , $\gamma$ )44Ti	*142Sm: 116Cd(31P,p4n)	*26Mg: 18O(13C, $\alpha$ n $\gamma$ )
*208Pb:208Pb(p,p')	*208Pb:207Pb(d,p)	254Md: 258Lr $\alpha$ decay
258No: 258Lr e decay	258Lr: 262Db $\alpha$ decay	262Db: 248Cm(19F, 5n)
*238U: 238U(n,n $\gamma$ )	133Sn:9Be(132Sn,8Be)	209Pb:9Be(208Pb,8Be)
131Sn:9Be(132Sn,10Be)	177Hf:Ta(p,X $\gamma$ )	180Hf:Ta(p,X)
23Mg:1H(22Na,p)Res	97Rb:241Pu(n,F $\gamma$ )	*97Sr: 97Sr IT decay

C. Nesaraja & C. Smith (19 August 2014 – 30 September 2014) 6 datasets:

199At: 165Ho(40Ar,6n) (2014AuAA)	201At: 165Ho(40Ar,4n) (2014AuAA)
78Kr: Coulomb Excitation (2014KU10)	86Kr: Coulomb Excitation (2014KU10)
82SR: 12C(78Kr,2 $\alpha$ $\gamma$ ) (2014KU10)	90SR: 12C(86Kr,2 $\alpha$ $\gamma$ ) (2014KU10)

# NUCLEAR STRUCTURE DATA

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## Future Activities

### ESNDF

**A=41** mass chain evaluation Caroline Nesaraja with Libby McCutchan (NNDC)

**A=242** mass chain evaluation by Murray Martin

### XUNDL

Compile / process 1 paper / week – Caroline Nesaraja, Chris Smith

### Experimental Work

#### Collaboration with NNDC

- Cross section measurements of Pt irradiated samples (NNDC-BLIP)
- Gamma ray measurements of PET imaging radionuclides using Gammasphere (NNDC-BLIP)

#### Possible Collaboration with K. Rykaczewski (ORNL)

- Total absorption spectrometry measurements with the MTAS system

# NUCLEAR ASTROPHYSICS DATA

## Processing data sets for use in astrophysical models

- improve techniques
- process recent published data sets



Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)



ScienceDirect



Nuclear Physics A 841 (2010) 31–250

[www.elsevier.com/locate/nuclphysa](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/nuclphysa)

## Charged-particle thermonuclear reaction rates: II. Tables and graphs of reaction rates and probability density functions

C. Iliadis<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, R. Longland<sup>a,b</sup>, A.E. Champagne<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Coc<sup>c</sup>,  
R. Fitzgerald<sup>d</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC 27599-3255, USA

<sup>b</sup> Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory, Durham, NC 27708-0308, USA

<sup>c</sup> Centre de Spectrométrie Nucléaire et de Spectrométrie de Masse (CSNSM), UMR 8609, CNRS/IN2P3  
and Université Paris Sud 11, Bâtiment 104, 91405 Orsay Campus, France

<sup>d</sup> National Institute of Standards and Technology, 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 8462, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8462, USA

Received 21 December 2009; received in revised form 21 April 2010; accepted 22 April 2010

Available online 28 April 2010

## NACRE II: an update of the NACRE compilation of charged-particle-induced thermonuclear reaction rates for nuclei with mass number $A < 16$

Y. Xu<sup>a,1</sup>, K. Takahashi<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Goriely<sup>a</sup>, M. Arnould<sup>a,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Institut d'Astronomie et d'Astrophysique, Université Libre de Bruxelles, Belgium

<sup>b</sup> GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung, Darmstadt, Germany

M. Ohta<sup>c,d</sup>, H. Utsunomiya<sup>d</sup>

<sup>c</sup> Hiraio School of Management, Konan University, Kobe, Japan

<sup>d</sup> Department of Physics, Konan University, Kobe, Japan

### Abstract

An update of the NACRE compilation [Angulo et al., Nucl. Phys. A 656 (1999) 3] is presented. This new compilation, referred to as NACRE II, reports thermonuclear reaction rates for 34 charged-particle induced, two-body exoergic reactions on nuclides with mass number  $A < 16$ , of which fifteen are particle-transfer reactions and the rest radiative capture reactions. When compared with NACRE, NACRE II features in particular (1) the addition to the experimental data collected in NACRE of those reported later, preferentially in the major journals of the field by early 2013, and (2) the adoption of potential models as the primary tool for extrapolation to very low energies of astrophysical  $S$ -factors, with a systematic evaluation of uncertainties.

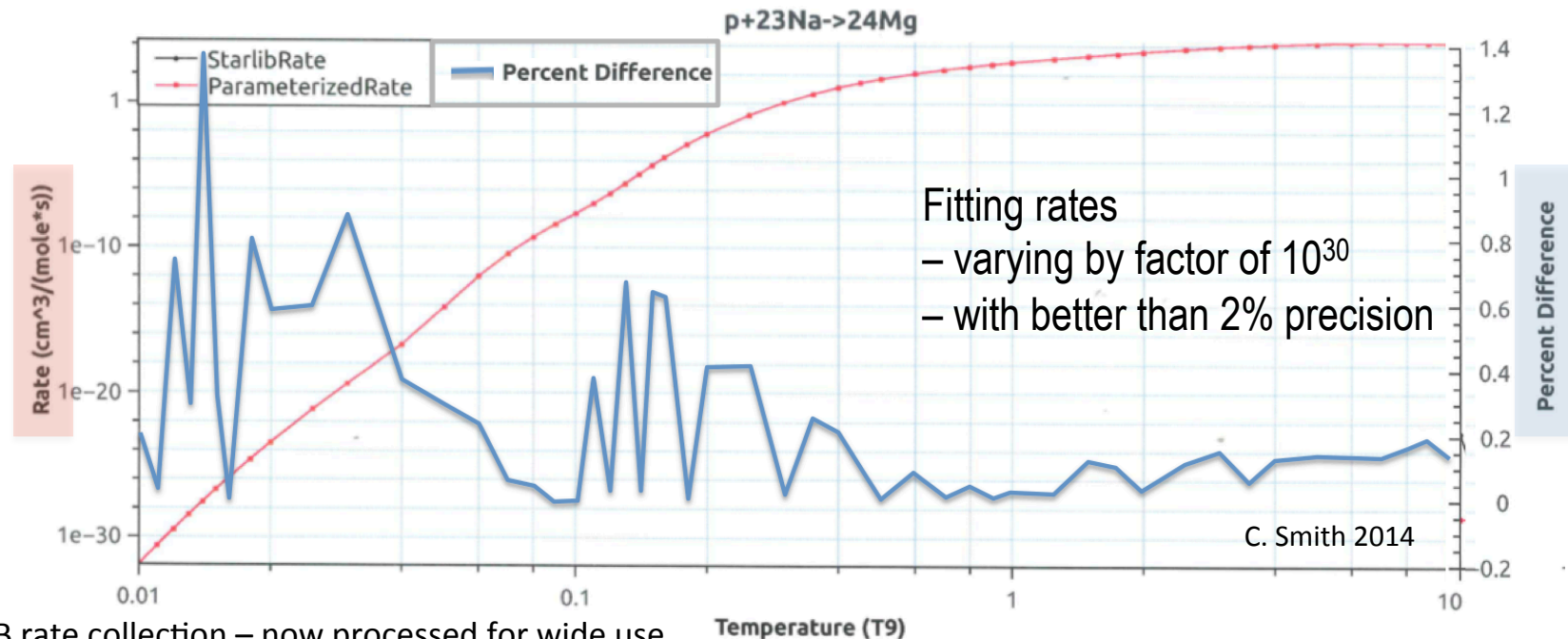
As in NACRE, the rates are presented in tabular form for temperatures in the  $10^6 \lesssim T \leq 10^{10}$  K range. Along with the 'adopted' rates, their low and high limits are provided. The new rates are available in electronic form as part of the Brussels Library (BRUSLIB) of nuclear data. The NACRE II rates also supersede the previous NACRE rates in the Nuclear Network Generator (NETGEN) for astrophysics. <http://www.astro.ulb.ac.be/databases.html>

**Keywords:** thermonuclear reaction rates, nuclear astrophysics, potential model, dwba model



# NUCLEAR ASTROPHYSICS DATA

## Processing data sets for use in astrophysical models



STARLIB rate collection – now processed for wide use

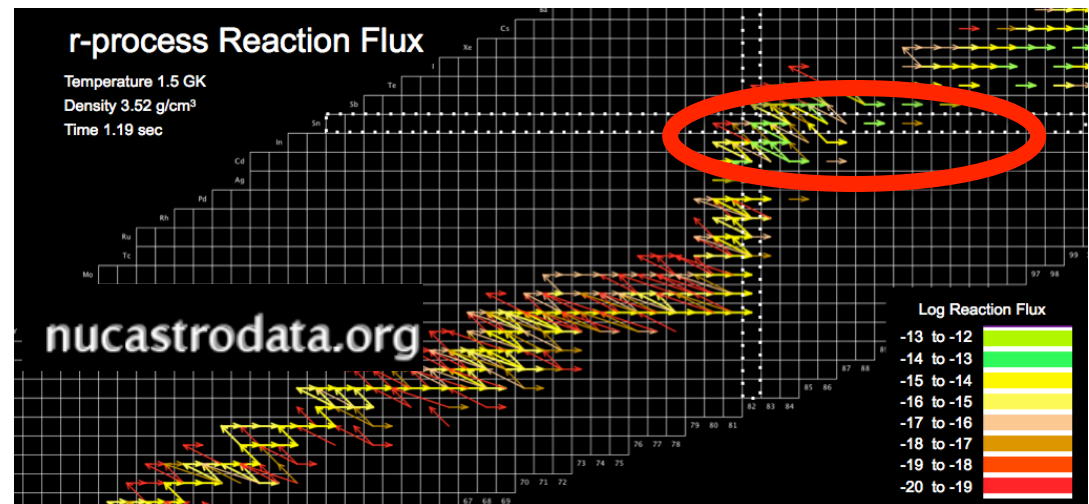
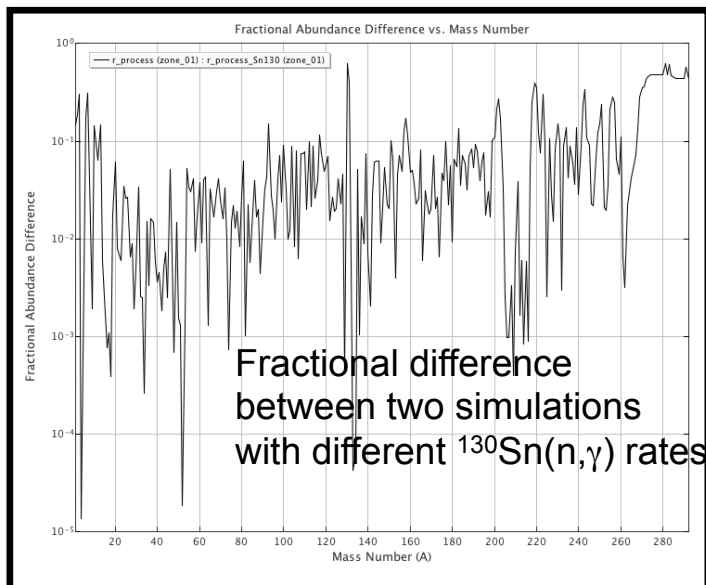
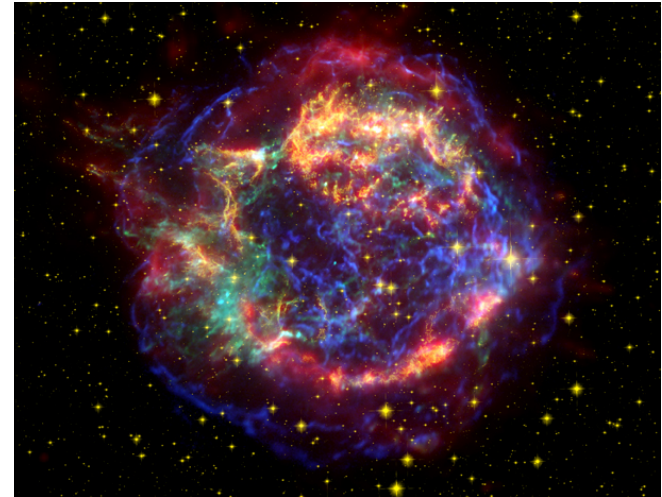
$^{14}\text{C}(p, \gamma)^{15}\text{N}$	$^{18}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)^{22}\text{Ne}$	$^{21}\text{Na}(p, \gamma)^{22}\text{Mg}$	$^{26}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{27}\text{Al}$	$^{30}\text{Si}(p, \gamma)^{31}\text{P}$	$^{35}\text{Cl}(p, \alpha)^{32}\text{S}$
$^{14}\text{C}(\alpha, \gamma)^{18}\text{O}$	$^{17}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{18}\text{Ne}$	$^{22}\text{Na}(p, \gamma)^{23}\text{Mg}$	$^{23}\text{Al}(p, \gamma)^{24}\text{Si}$	$^{27}\text{P}(p, \gamma)^{28}\text{S}$	$^{34}\text{Ar}(p, \gamma)^{35}\text{K}$
$^{14}\text{N}(\alpha, \gamma)^{18}\text{F}$	$^{18}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{19}\text{Ne}$	$^{23}\text{Na}(p, \gamma)^{24}\text{Mg}$	$^{24}\text{Al}(p, \gamma)^{25}\text{Si}$	$^{29}\text{P}(p, \gamma)^{30}\text{S}$	$^{35}\text{Ar}(p, \gamma)^{36}\text{K}$
$^{15}\text{N}(\alpha, \gamma)^{19}\text{F}$	$^{18}\text{F}(p, \alpha)^{15}\text{O}$	$^{23}\text{Na}(p, \alpha)^{20}\text{Ne}$	$^{25}\text{Al}(p, \gamma)^{26}\text{Si}$	$^{31}\text{P}(p, \gamma)^{32}\text{S}$	$^{36}\text{Ar}(p, \gamma)^{37}\text{K}$
$^{15}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)^{19}\text{Ne}$	$^{19}\text{Ne}(p, \gamma)^{20}\text{Na}$	$^{22}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{23}\text{Al}$	$^{26}\text{Al}^s(p, \gamma)^{27}\text{Si}$	$^{31}\text{P}(p, \alpha)^{28}\text{Si}$	$^{35}\text{K}(p, \gamma)^{36}\text{Ca}$
$^{16}\text{O}(p, \gamma)^{17}\text{F}$	$^{20}\text{Ne}(p, \gamma)^{21}\text{Na}$	$^{23}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{24}\text{Al}$	$^{27}\text{Al}(p, \gamma)^{28}\text{Si}$	$^{30}\text{S}(p, \gamma)^{31}\text{Cl}$	$^{39}\text{Ca}(p, \gamma)^{40}\text{Sc}$
$^{16}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$	$^{20}\text{Ne}(\alpha, \gamma)^{24}\text{Mg}$	$^{24}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{25}\text{Al}$	$^{27}\text{Al}(p, \alpha)^{24}\text{Mg}$	$^{31}\text{S}(p, \gamma)^{32}\text{Cl}$	$^{40}\text{Ca}(p, \gamma)^{41}\text{Sc}$
$^{17}\text{O}(p, \gamma)^{18}\text{F}$	$^{21}\text{Ne}(p, \gamma)^{22}\text{Na}$	$^{24}\text{Mg}(\alpha, \gamma)^{28}\text{Si}$	$^{26}\text{Si}(p, \gamma)^{27}\text{P}$	$^{32}\text{S}(p, \gamma)^{33}\text{Cl}$	
$^{17}\text{O}(p, \alpha)^{14}\text{N}$	$^{22}\text{Ne}(p, \gamma)^{23}\text{Na}$	$^{25}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{26}\text{Al}^t$	$^{27}\text{Si}(p, \gamma)^{28}\text{P}$	$^{31}\text{Cl}(p, \gamma)^{32}\text{Ar}$	
$^{18}\text{O}(p, \gamma)^{19}\text{F}$	$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, \gamma)^{26}\text{Mg}$	$^{25}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{26}\text{Al}^s$	$^{28}\text{Si}(p, \gamma)^{29}\text{P}$	$^{32}\text{Cl}(p, \gamma)^{33}\text{Ar}$	
$^{18}\text{O}(p, \alpha)^{15}\text{N}$	$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$	$^{25}\text{Mg}(p, \gamma)^{26}\text{Al}^m$	$^{29}\text{Si}(p, \gamma)^{30}\text{P}$	$^{35}\text{Cl}(p, \gamma)^{36}\text{Ar}$	

# NUCLEAR ASTROPHYSICS DATA

## Assessment of neutron captures on Exotic Sn nuclei lying in / near the r-process path

Motivation: variations in  $^{130}\text{Sn}(n,\gamma)$  shown to make **global** changes in r-process abundances

Approach: **data assessments** combined with nuclear structure and reaction **calculations** leading to improved neutron capture rates





# NUCLEAR ASTROPHYSICS DATA

## Project: **benchmark** FRESKO reaction code and RMF-based structure calculations for direct neutron capture cross sections

### Exploration of Direct Neutron Capture with Covariant Density Functional Theory Inputs

Shi-Sheng Zhang,<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup> Jin-Peng Peng,<sup>1</sup> M. S. Smith,<sup>2,†</sup> G. Arbanas,<sup>4</sup> and R. L. Kozub<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*School of Physics and Nuclear Energy Engineering, Beihang University, Beijing 100191, China*

<sup>2</sup>*Physics Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6354 USA*

<sup>3</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee 37996, USA*

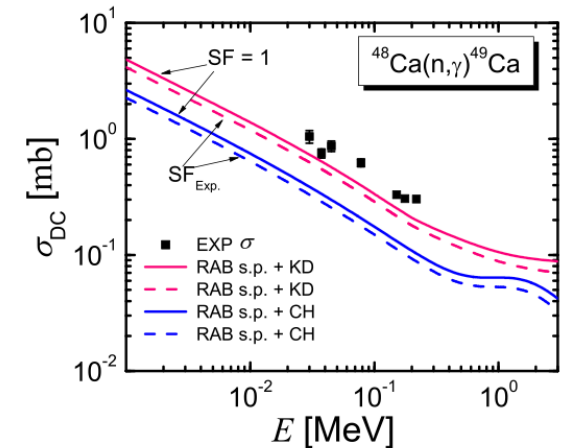
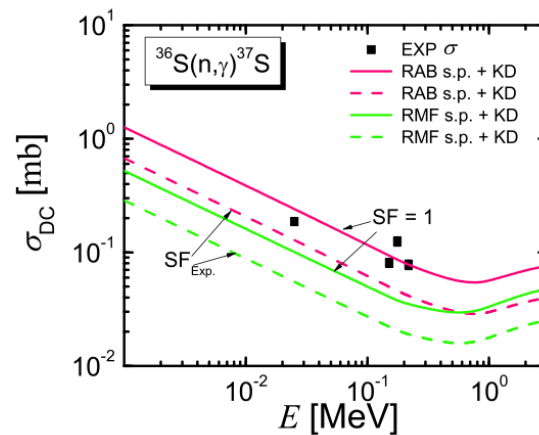
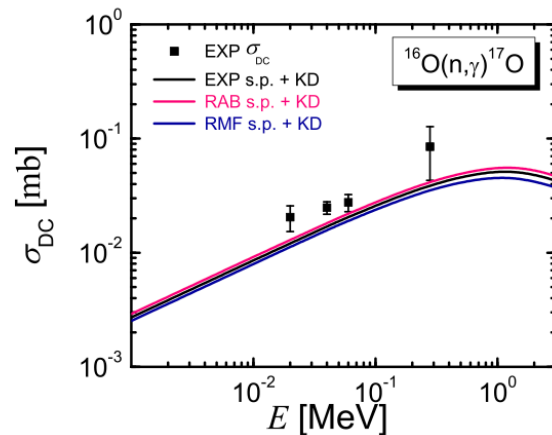
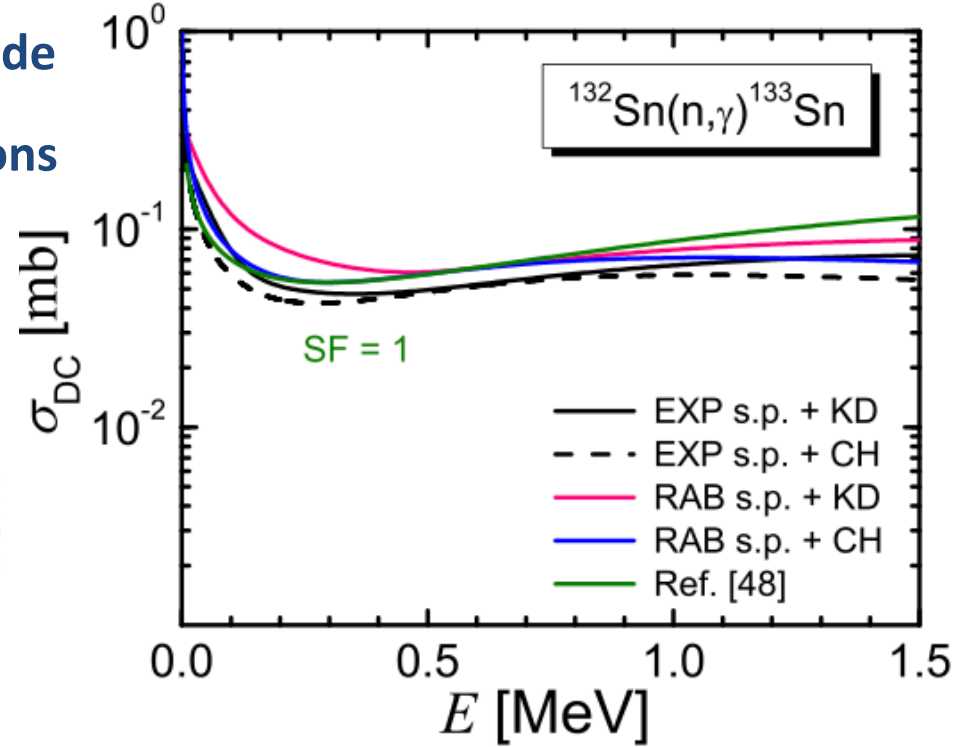
<sup>4</sup>*Reactor and Nuclear Systems Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6171 USA*

<sup>5</sup>*Department of Physics, Tennessee Technological University, Cookeville, TN 38505 USA*

(Dated: October 31, 2014)

Predictions of direct neutron capture are of vital importance for simulations of nucleosynthesis in supernovae, merging neutron stars, and other astrophysical environments. We calculated direct capture cross sections using nuclear structure information obtained from a covariant density functional theory as input for the FRESKO coupled reaction channels code. We investigated the impact of pairing, spectroscopic factors, and optical potentials on our results to determine a robust method to calculate cross sections of direct neutron capture on exotic nuclei. Our predictions agree reasonably well with experimental cross section data for the closed shell nuclei  $^{16}\text{O}$  and  $^{48}\text{Ca}$ , and for the exotic nucleus  $^{36}\text{S}$ . We then used this approach to calculate the direct neutron capture cross section on the doubly magic unstable nucleus  $^{132}\text{Sn}$  which is of interest for the astrophysical r-process.

PACS numbers: 21.60.-n, 21.10.-k, 24.10.Jv, 21.10.Ma, 25.85.Ec



# ONLINE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS - CINA

## Computational Infrastructure for Nuclear Astrophysics

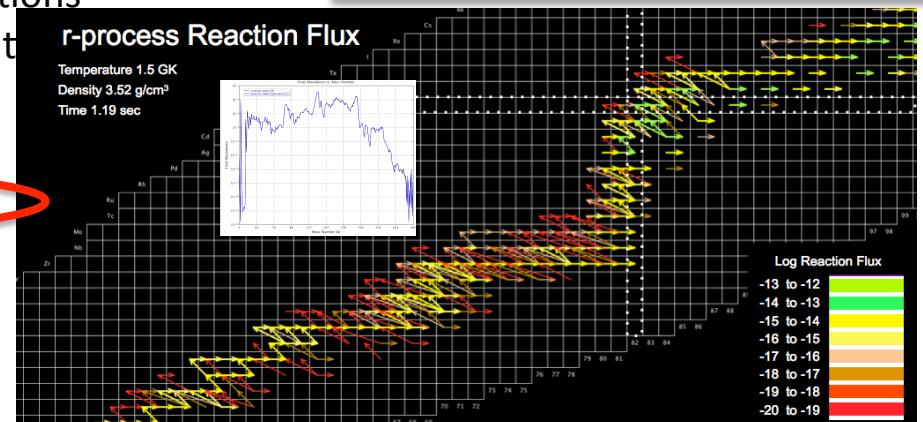
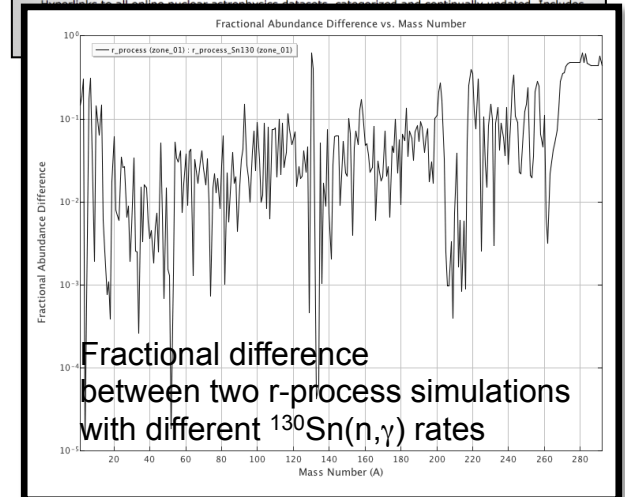
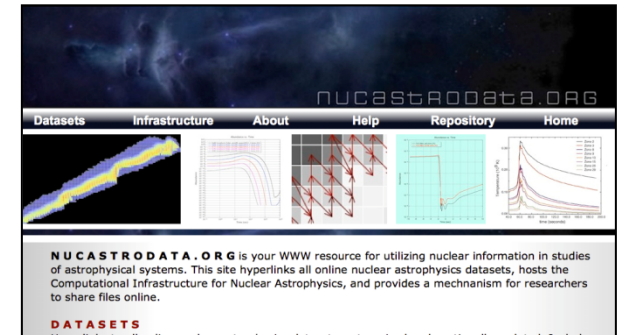
CINA streamlines the incorporation of the latest **NUCLEAR DATA** into astrophysics simulations

*Processing enables USNDP data to be used for astrophysics simulations*

Accessible via an easy-to-use, web-deliverable, cross-platform Java application

Newest feature in CINA: r-process calculations

- Online **core-collapse supernova r-process** and **cold r-process** simulations with over 4500 isotopes and > 51,000 thermonuclear reactions rates
- Temperatures and Densities from multi-D supernova simulations
- Plotting of abundances, reaction fluxes, 2-D animations
- Plot fractional abundance difference of two simulations
- Overlay predicted abundances with observations
- Set up custom calculations in 9 steps
- Significant extension of **JINA REACLIB** library



# ONLINE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS - CINA

**WIDELY UTILIZED community resource** for nuclear data in nuclear astrophysics

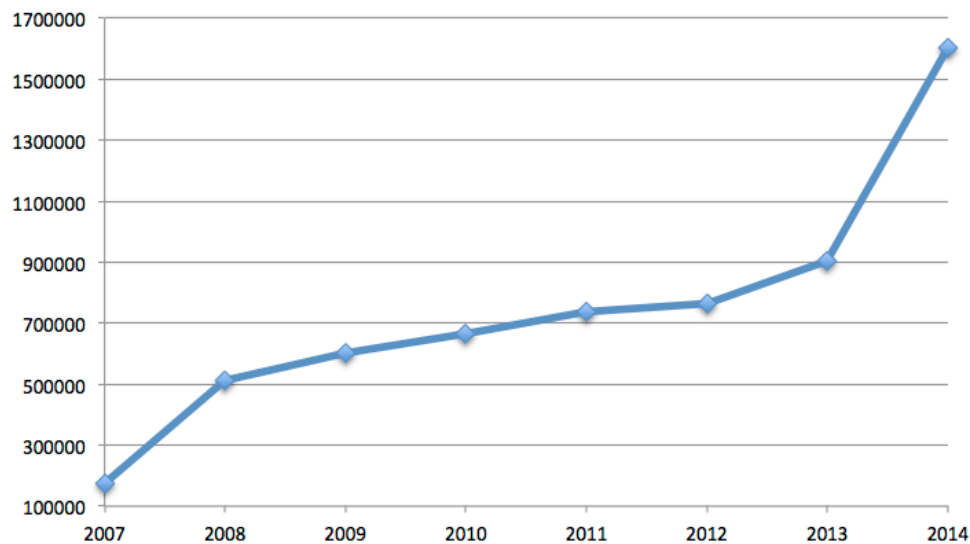
Registered Users from **over 35 countries and 156 institutions** with an average of one new User/week over a six year period.

New improvements and content at [nucastrodata.org](http://nucastrodata.org) include:

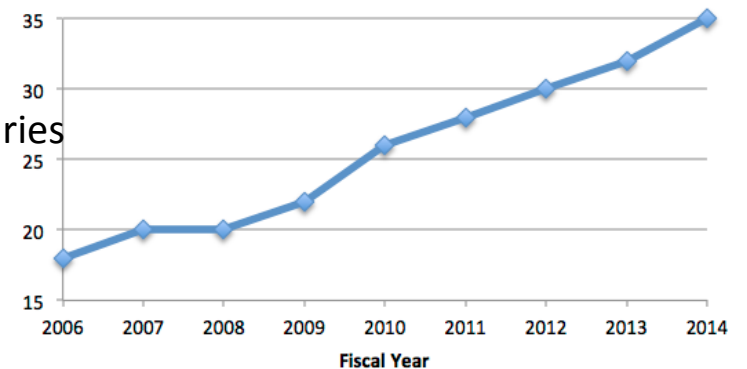
- **Redesign** of website's "Look and Feel" and menu options
- **Updated** links to online nuclear astrophysics datasets and libraries

Since the beginning of FY2007, CINA has logged over 1.5M data transactions

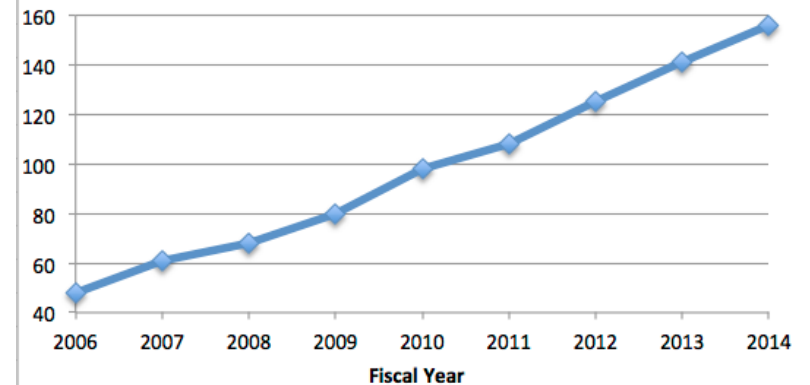
**Cumulative Number of Data Transactions**



**Total Number of Distinct Countries**

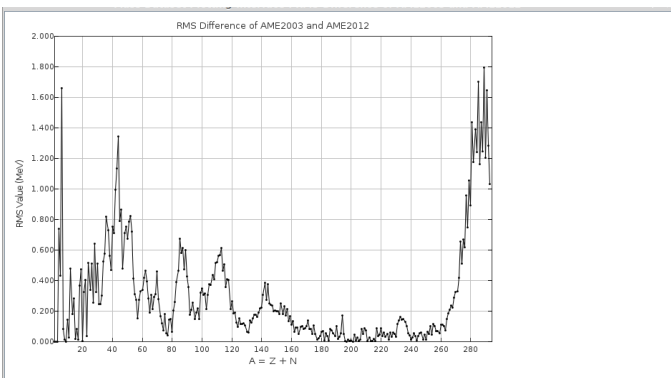
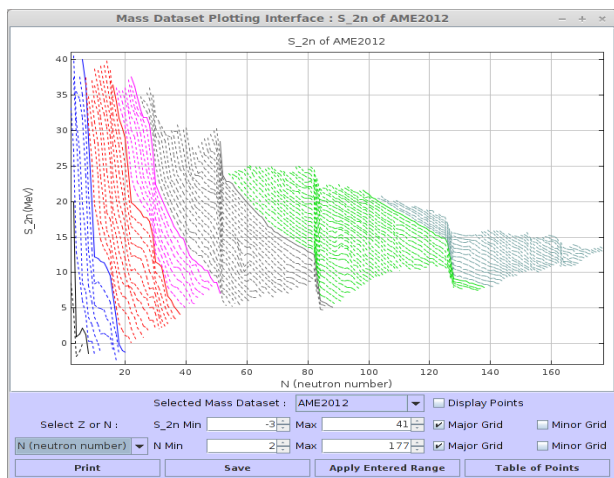


**Total Number of Distinct Institutions**



# ONLINE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS – Nuclear Mass Toolkit

nuclearmasses.org



## COMPONENTS

Java GUI for Users  
Secure PHP Web Portal  
Data Analysis Codes  
MySQL Database  
Host Website

### Before Toolkit

### Now With Toolkit

Years between publication & use

**UPLOAD** your new mass data in minutes

Dataset searches long & difficult

**INSTANTLY ACCESS** published mass tables in one location

Dataset sharing often determined by author or publisher

**EASILY SHARE** datasets online

Datasets in multiple formats

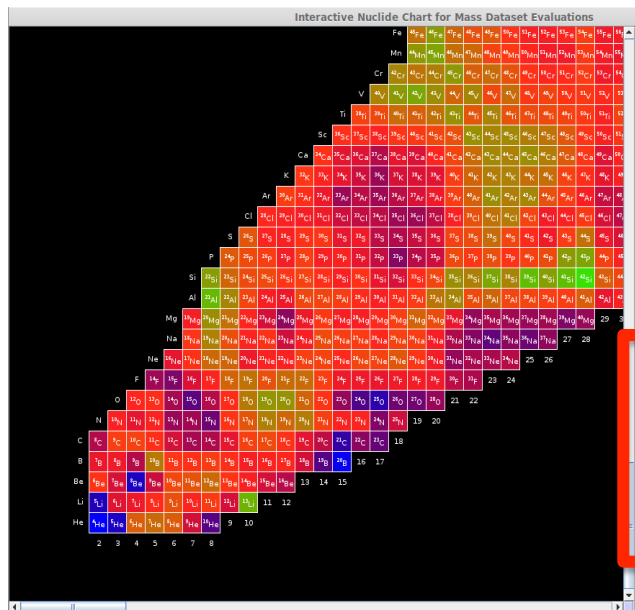
**STANDARDIZED** format used for all datasets

Visualizations hand-built, usually only experts bother

**QUICKLY GENERATE** customized 1D & 2D plots via easy-to-use JAVA GUI

Difficult to compare datasets

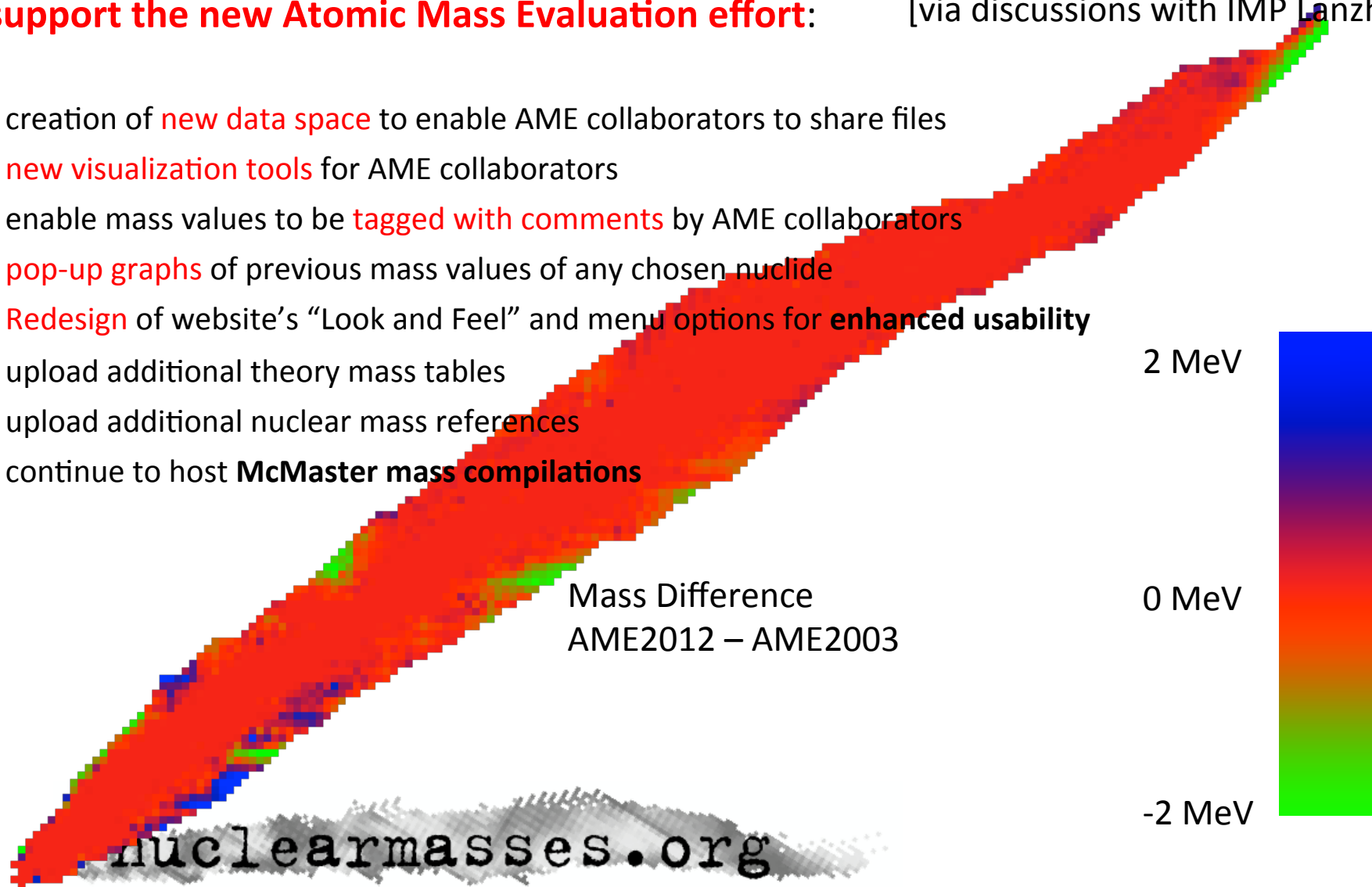
**RAPIDLY COMPARE** datasets with customized visualizations



# ONLINE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS – Nuclear Mass Toolkit

New improvements *planned* in FY15 for Nuclear Mass Toolkit include work to **support the new Atomic Mass Evaluation effort:** [via discussions with IMP Lanzhou]

- creation of **new data space** to enable AME collaborators to share files
- **new visualization tools** for AME collaborators
- enable mass values to be **tagged with comments** by AME collaborators
- **pop-up graphs** of previous mass values of any chosen nuclide
- **Redesign** of website's "Look and Feel" and menu options for **enhanced usability**
- upload additional theory mass tables
- upload additional nuclear mass references
- continue to host **McMaster mass compilations**





# Future Work

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## Nuclear Structure Data Evaluation / Compilation

- Mass chain evaluations  $A = 41, 242$
- Collaborate with evaluators at NNDC
- XUNDL compilations

## Experimental Measurements

- Cross section measurements of Pt irradiated samples
- Gamma ray measurements of PET imaging radionuclides with Gammasphere
- Total absorption spectrometry

## Nuclear Astrophysics Data

- Systematic calculation of neutron capture on exotic Sn isotopes
- Fits of thermonuclear reaction rates in recent published collections

## Computational Infrastructure for Nuclear Astrophysics

- Calculation of rates from resonance parameters
- Incorporate additional rate collections into our system

## Nuclear Masses

- Develop tools at [nuclearmasses.org](http://nuclearmasses.org) for future mass evaluation efforts

# Metrics

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## Effort

**Permanent staff:** 2 heads (C. Nesaraja, M. Smith), 1.2 FTE

**Scientific Temporary staff:** 2 heads (M. Martin, S. Zhang), 0.65 FTE

**Technical/Support staff:** 2 heads (E. Lingerfelt, C. Smith), 1.0 FTE

**Evaluations:** 16 nuclides across 2 A-chains

**Compilations:** 30 [XUNDL]

**Retrievals (dissemination):** 875000

**Publications:** 9

**Reports:** 0

**Invited talks:** 7